PE-N14DA 14.7W
PE-N20DA 21 W


Push DIM

## Features:

- Integrated DALI/Push/0-10V/1-10V/PWM/R DIM standard dimming interface
- DAL2 certification, DALI member
- Digital control output, flicker free
- International general AC input 100-250V rang
- Protection type: short circuit / over current / over voltage
- Natural air cooling, moisture-proof, Thermal silicone heat dissipation process
- Suitable for LED home and business intelligent lighting applications
- Output fast pressure terminal, safe and convenient
- Comply with world lighting safety code
- Protection class II
- 5-year warranty
0-10V
DIM
DIM
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Resistor } \\ 100 \mathrm{~K}\end{array}\right)$

General description:
DALI Dimming LED Driver is one of the constant current dimming LED driver developed by my company with high power factor, high efficiency, high precision, the use of the efficient stable low loss switch control chip and the high performance components makes it with low noise, long life and other characteristics.
PE-N14DA/PE-N20DA have DALI/Push/0-10V/1-10V/PWM/R DIM six dimming ways, Dali is the main default, 6 kinds of dimming mode switching, no interference with each other
Dimming interface: 1.DALI dimming, use standard DALI signal interface. can match with all DALI control system in the marker. DALI full name: Digital Addressable Lighting Interface
2.0-10V dimming, use the standard $0-10 \mathrm{~V} / 100 \mathrm{~K}$ resistance/10V PWM dimming.
3.Push dimming mode is shared with Dali interface, and one of them can be selected.

| Model |  | PE-N14DA24 | PE-N14DA42 | PE-N20DA24 | PE-N20DA42 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OUTPUT | Output Voltage | $9-24 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |
|  | Max Output Voltage | 24 Vdc | 42 Vdc | 24 Vdc | 42 Vdc |
|  | Non-load Output Voltage | 30 Vdc | 55 Vdc | 30 Vdc | 55 Vdc |
|  | Output Current | $\begin{aligned} & 200 / 250 / 280 / 300 \\ & 350 / 400 / 450 / 500 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 150 / 180 / 200 / 250 \\ & 280 / 300 / 320 / 350 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 450 / 500 / 550 / 600 \\ & 650 / 700 / 750 / 800 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 / 250 / 280 / 300 \\ & 350 / 400 / 450 / 500 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Output Power | 1.8W~12W | 1.35W~14.7W | 4W~19.2W | 1.8W~21 W |
|  | Strobe Level | No Flicker |  |  |  |
|  | Dimming Range | 0~100\%, LEDstart at 0.03\%possible. |  |  |  |
|  | PWM Dimming Frequency | $>3600 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Current Accuracy | $\pm 3 \%$ |  |  |  |
|  | Ripple \& Noise | Power down memory function |  |  |  |
| INPUT | Dimming Interface | DALI (IEC62386), Push /0-10V/1-10V/PWM/100KR DIM Signal control current < 0.1 mA |  |  |  |
|  | Input Voltage Range | 100-250Vac |  |  |  |
|  | Frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Input Current | $<0.16 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{ac110v}$ | <0.16A ac110v | <0.25A ac 110 v | <0.27A acllov |
|  | Power Factor | PF $>0.99 / 100 \mathrm{~V}$ ac, at full load | PF>0.99/100V ac, at full load | PF>0.99/100V ac, at full load | PF>0.99/100V ac, at full load |
|  | THD | 230Vac@THD $\leqslant 10 \%$ (full load) |  |  |  |
|  | Efficiency(typ.) | 83\% | 83.7\% | 84\% | 85.4\% |
|  | Inrush Current(typ.) | Cold start 20A@230Vac | Cold start 20A@230Vac | Cold start 20A@230Vac | Cold start 20A@230Vac |
|  | Anti Surge | L-N: 2kV |  |  |  |
|  | Leakage Current | <0.25mA/230Vac ac( $50 \%$ Ipeak test twidth=58.4us ) |  |  |  |
| ENVIRONMENT | Working Temperature | ta: $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ tc: $80{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Working Humidity | $20 \sim 95 \%$ RH, non-condensing |  |  |  |
|  | Storage Temp., Humidity | -40 ~ 80 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 10 \sim 95 \% \mathrm{RH}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Temp. Coefficient | $\pm 0.03 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(0-50){ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Vibration | 10~500Hz, 2G 12min./l cycle, period for 72 min . each along $X, Y, Z$ axes. |  |  |  |
| PROTECTION | Over-heat Protection | Intelligently adjusting or turning off the output current if the PCB temperature $\geqslant 110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, , auto recovers. |  |  |  |
|  | Over Load Protection | Shut down the output when rated power $\geqslant 102 \%$, auto recovers. |  |  |  |
|  | Short Circuit Protection | Shut down automatically if short circuit occurs, auto recovers. |  |  |  |
|  | Non-load Protection | output Constant Voltage. |  |  |  |
| SAFETY \& EMC | Withstand Voltage | I/P-O/P: 3750Vac |  |  |  |
|  | Isolation Resistance | I/P-O/P: $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega / 500 \mathrm{VDC} / 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 70 \% \mathrm{RH}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Safety Standards | IEC/EN61347-1, IEC/EN61347-2-13 |  |  |  |
|  | EMC Emission | EN55015, EN61000-3-2 Class C, IEC61000-3-3 |  |  |  |
|  | EMC Immunity | EN61000-4-2,3,4,5,6,8,11, EN61547 |  |  |  |
|  | Strobe Test Standard | IEEE 1789 |  |  |  |
| OTHERS | Dimension | 127.5(97) $\times 43 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$ |  |  |  |
|  | Packing | PE plastic bag packing |  |  |  |
|  | Weight(G.W.) | $116 \mathrm{~g} / 126 \mathrm{~g} \pm 10 \mathrm{~g}$ |  |  |  |

Dimensions


## Product Label:




LED Current Selection:
DIP switch for 8 optional currents' quick selection( see the table below ).

| Model | DIP switch |  | \% ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | 边 | 近 |  | \% ${ }^{\text {Pr }}$ |  | \% | $\leftrightarrow$ ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PE-N14DA42 | output current | 150 mA | 180 mA | 200 mA | 250mA | 280 mA | 300 mA | 320 mA | 350 mA |  |
|  | output voltage | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
|  | output power | 1.3W-6.3W | 1.6W-7.6W | 1. $8 \mathrm{~W}-8.4 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2. $2 \mathrm{~W}-10.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2.5W-11.7W | 2.7W-12.6W | 2.8W-13.4W | 3.15W-14.7W |  |
| PE-N14DA24 | output current | 200 mA | 250 mA | 280 mA | 300 mA | 350 mA | 400 mA | 450 mA | 500 mA |  |
|  | output voltage | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
|  | output power | 1.8W-4.8W | 2. $2 \mathrm{~W}-6 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2. $5 \mathrm{~W}-6.7 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2. 7W-7. 2W | 3. 1W-8.4W | 3.6W-9.6W | 4W-10.8W | 4. 5W-12W |  |
| PE-N20DA42 | output current | 200 mA | 250 mA | 280 mA | 300 mA | 350 mA | 400 mA | 450 mA | 500 mA |  |
|  | output voltage | 9-42V | 9-42V | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ | 9-42V | 9-42V |  |
|  | output power | 1. 8W-8. 4W | 2. $2 \mathrm{~W}-10.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2.5W-11.7W | 2.7W-12.6W | 3. 1W-14.7W | 3.6W-16.8W | 4W-18.9W | 4. 5W-21W |  |
| PE-N20DA24 | output current | 450 mA | 500 mA | 550 mA | 600 mA | 650 mA | 700 mA | 750 mA | 800 mA |  |
|  | output voltage | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
|  | output power | 4W-10.8W | 4. 5W-12W | 4.9W-13.2W | 5. 4W-14.4W | 5.8W-15.6W | 6.3W-16.8W | 6. 7W-18W | 7. 2W-19.2W |  |

* After current setting by DIP switch, power off and then power on to make the new current effective.
* E.g. LED $3.2 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{pcs}$ : $9-24 \mathrm{~V}$ can power 3-7pcs LEDs in series, $9-42 \mathrm{~V}$ can power $3-12 \mathrm{pcs}$ LEDs, the max quantity of LEDs in series will be subject to the actual voltage of LED.


## Connection:



Push Dimming


Wiring:
※ 1.DALI interface Dali is a digital addressable lighting interface, which is directly connected with Dali control system, and the signal line is not divided into positive and negative poles.
※ 2.PUSH interface: AC voltage is connected to Dali two ports through a switch with automatic reset to realize key dimming. Single press switch function, long press dimming.
※3.0-10V interface: 0-10V dimmer interface, 100k resistance dimmer without positive and negative, $0 / 1-10 \mathrm{~V}$ dimmer with positive and negative
※ 4.Do not connect voltage higher than 10 V at $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ interface
※ 5.The input terminal: wire gauge 22AWG-14AWG ( $0.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2-1.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2$ ) wire stripping requirement:9-10 mm
※ 6.The output terminal: wire gauge 22AWG-12AWG ( $0.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2-1.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2$ ) wire stripping requirement $: 6-7 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Relationship Diagrams:




The use of guidance:
Unless otherwise specified, all specifications and parameters are measured at 230 VAC input, rated load and $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Ambient Temperature
This product has a press line cap at the input, with self-locking clamping, it can be opened up with a screwdriver, then you will see the input terminal connected with the AC line L and the null lime $N$, The output terminal connect a according to the product label, notice the positive and negative pole.
**1:please pay attention to the distinction between input and out put, connect correctly, then power on
**2: please connect first the load of the DC output, open the driver after checking; in the constant current mode, if power on at open circuit, please turn off the driver and can't connect the LED until the electric energy stored by the output release, or it may damage the LED ;
**3. this type of driver is only limited to the use of the LED Iamps, the input voltage range is AC 100-250V, the heat insulation cotton and other items that obstruct the heat dissipation of the product, which conforms to the product under the specified output voltage, current range, the use environment temperature is -20-45 degrees, and the surface can not cover the conditions of the environment, this product enjoys three years of free warranty.
1.the LED lamp doesn't bright after the dimming driver is connected at the first time, please turn off the AC input and check as follow:

1) whether or not DC output bad contact;
2) whether DC output polarity is reversed, or the LED board is welded anti;
3) whether AC input is bad contact, test after eliminating these failures;
2.the device has good connection, LED lights, but the LED flicker, please turn off the AC input and check as follow:
1). whether or not the parameters and actual parameters match.
2). please timely communicate with us if you have any questions in the using, we will try our best to solve the problems with you.

## Statement:

The pictures and specifications is for reference only, in kind prevail, specifications are subject to change with further notice.
The abnormal conditions and the corresponding treatment methods:
Digital Addressable lighting Interface (DALI)
DALI slave unit will send data only master unit requests, that is, adopt command answering mode
There are 64 slave units at most in the same DALI network, each unit has a separate address(short address), A salve unit can also be assigned to a certain group, and a slave unit can belong to different group, salve unit can exist up to 16 groups at the same time, each unit can set 16 scenarios.
The main features of the DALI protocol

1) Asynchronous serial communication.
2) 1200 baud rate, using the Manchester encoding format.
3) Two lies differential signal.
4)The high level when differential voltage is larger than 9.5 V .
4) The low level when differential voltage is less than 6.5 V .
5) The master unit controls communication process.
6) One DALI bus can connect with 64 slave units.
7) Each slave unit can be individually addressed.

DALI Electrical Specification
Under the idle state, from machine unit method to control the bus:

1) High Output power at ordinary time, not to interference in the hold signal.
2) Output low electricity at ordinary time, directly to the DALI bus short circuit to each other.
3) DALI bus maximum current of 250 mA
4) Not a two-way communication at the same time.
5) Transmission cable up to 300 meters, or pressure drop is no more than $2 v$
